

Install Guide - SetupWizard - Snowflake - RED 10.2+

WhereScape Enablement Pack for Snowflake - RED 10.2+

This is a guide to installing the WhereScape Enablement Pack for Snowflake for WhereScape RED

Table of Contents

[Prerequisites For Snowflake](#)

[Installation Through Setup Wizard](#)

[Upgrade Of Existing Repository](#)

[Post Install Steps – Optional](#)

[Source Enablement Pack Support](#)

[Troubleshooting and Tips](#)

Prerequisites For PostgreSQL Metadata

Before you begin the following prerequisites must be met:

- **Create Database and ODBC DSN :**

- Supported* version of PostgreSQL (PostgreSQL 12 or higher)
 - A database to house the RED Metadata Repository.
 - A database for the Range Table DB (Optional)
 - A database to house scheduler (Optional)

- **Software Installations**

- WhereScape RED10 with valid license key entered and EULA accepted
- WhereScape Enablement Pack for target database version RED10

- **Windows Powershell (64 bit) version 4 or higher**

- To check Windows Powershell Version:
 - Run below command in Windows Powershell

```
1 | Get-Host|Select-Object Version
```

- Run below command in Command Prompt

```
1 | powershell $psversiontable
```

• Run the following command using PowerShell

- The security protocol TLS 1.0 and 1.1 used by PowerShell to communicate with PowerShell gallery has deprecated and TLS 1.2 has been made mandatory

```
1 | [Net.ServicePointManager]::SecurityProtocol = [Net.ServicePointManager]::SecurityProtocol -bor [Net.SecurityProtocolType]::Tls12
```

```
1 | Register-PSRepository -Default -Verbose
```

```
1 | Set-PSRepository -Name PSGallery -InstallationPolicy Trusted
```

- Progress bar placeholder info line

```
1 | Install-Module -Name PoshProgressBar -SkipPublisherCheck -Force
```

** : RED supports the following versions for the metadata repository: PostgreSQL 12 or higher*

Prerequisites For Snowflake

Before you begin the following prerequisites must be met:

- Create Database and ODBC DSN :
 - Snowflake ([ODBC driver version 2.22.01 or higher\(64-bit\)](#))
 - At least one schema available to use as a RED Data Warehouse Target
 - Snowflake driver Log Level set to 0 in the Windows Registry and the Snowflake DSN Tracing set to 0

Configuring DSN using key-pair authentication:

- Generate either an encrypted version of the private key or an unencrypted version of the private key followed by public key generation. Attach the key to Snowflake account.
- Create a new DSN and enter the following details:

- **Server** : <account_name>.snowflakecomputing.com
- **User** : Snowflake username
- **Role/Warehouse/Database/Schema** : optional defaults
- **Authenticator** : snowflake_jwt
- **Private Key File Path** : Path to rsa_key.p8 file
- **Private Key Password** – required only if encrypted
- Click **Test** in the ODBC DSN setup window.

Snowflake Configuration Dialog

Data Source: snowflake_mfa

User: [text box]

Password: [text box]

Server: [text box]

Database: WHERESCAPE_EP

Schema: [text box]

Warehouse: WHERESCAPE_ENTERPRISE

Role: [text box]

Tracing(0-6): 0

Authenticator: snowflake_jwt

Proxy: [text box]

NoProxy: [text box]

Private key file: C:\Windows\System32\rsa_key.p8

Private key password: [password box]

Note: A detailed setup document "**Setup Guide_Snowflake_key-pair_authentication**" is available in the Enablement Pack folder for reference.

Configuring DSN using OAUTH authentication:

- Snowflake supports the [OAuth 2.0](#) protocol for authentication and authorization using several options. Please go through official document <<https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/oauth-intro>> to understand which applications are supported.
- Illustrating how to configure Snowflake as an OAuth Resource and Okta as an External OAuth authorization server.
- Create a new DSN and enter the following details:
 - **Server:** <your_account>.[snowflakecomputing.com](#)
 - **Role/Warehouse/Database/Schema** : optional defaults
 - **Authenticator:** oauth

Under OAuth section:

- **OAuth Client ID:** <okta_client_id>
- **OAuth Client Secret:** <okta_client_secret>
- **Scope:** session:role:<role_name>
- **Token URL:** https://<okta_domain>/oauth2/default/v1/token
- **Auth URL:** https://<okta_domain>/oauth2/default/v1/authorize

The image shows the 'Snowflake Configuration Dialog' window. It contains two main sections: 'Data Source' and 'OAuth'. The 'Data Source' section includes fields for User, Password, Server, Database, Schema, Warehouse, Role, and Tracing(0-6). The 'OAuth' section includes fields for Client Id, Client Secret, Scope, Authorization URL, Token Request URL, and Redirect URL. In both sections, the 'Authenticator' field is highlighted with a red box and contains the value 'oauth'.

Add access token in **Registry Editor** by following the below steps:

- Press Win + R, type regedit, and press Enter.
- Navigate to:
Computer\HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\ODBC\ODBC.INI\
- Locate and select your DSN (Data Source Name).
- Right-click in the right pane and select New > String Value.
- Enter the appropriate field name and value, ensuring they match the required configuration.

The image shows the 'Edit String' dialog box. It has two fields: 'Value name:' and 'Value data:'. The 'Value name:' field contains the text 'TOKEN'. The 'Value data:' field contains a long string of characters, which is the access token. At the bottom of the dialog, there are 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons.

- Click OK.
- Now, click **Test** in the ODBC DSN setup window to verify the connection.

Note: A detailed setup document "**Setup Guide_Snowflake_oauth_okta_authentication**" is available in the Enablement Pack folder for reference.

[Python 3.11 or higher](#)

- Select "Add Python 3.11 to PATH" from installation Window

- Pip Manager Install with command : `python -m pip install --upgrade pip`

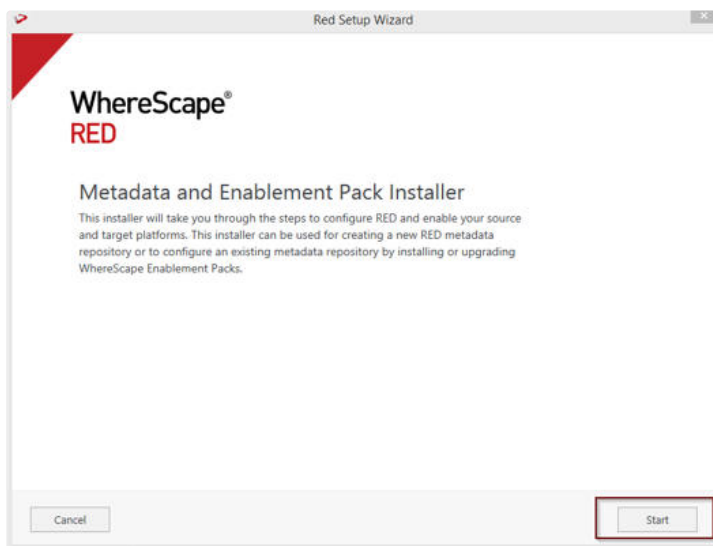
Note: Some of the libraries might be deprecated in the newer versions of python (Python 3.12 and higher)

- To install Python modules offline for supported python versions - [Offline Python Package Installation Guide - Enablement Packs - Product Documentation](#)
- The Setup_Validator script included with the WhereScape Enablement Pack (EP). The script is a standalone module that verifies your system meets all prerequisites before the Enablement Pack installation begins.

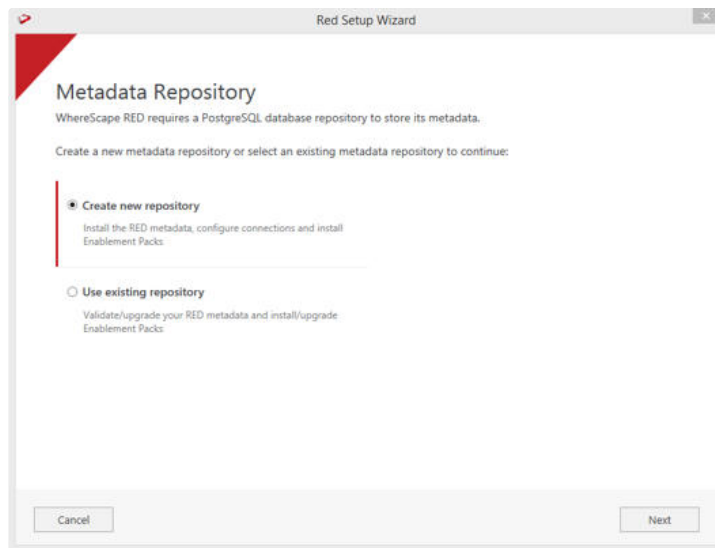
To Execute Setup_Validator Script - [Guide for Setup_Validator Script Execution - Enablement Packs - Product Documentation](#)

Installation Through Setup Wizard

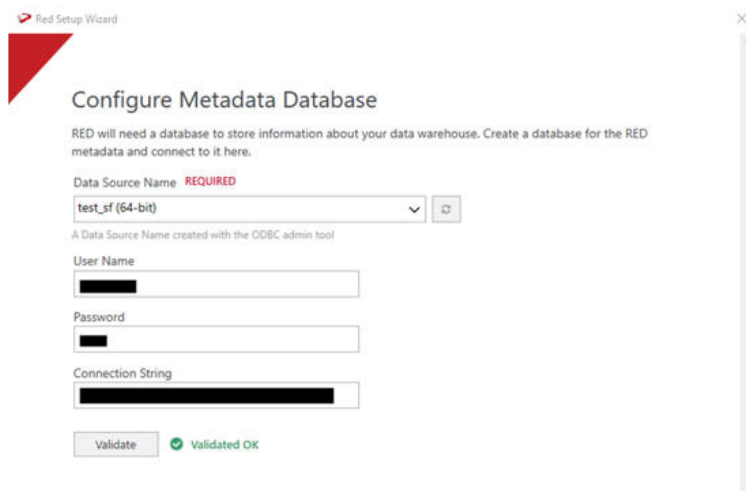
Run Setup Wizard as administrator



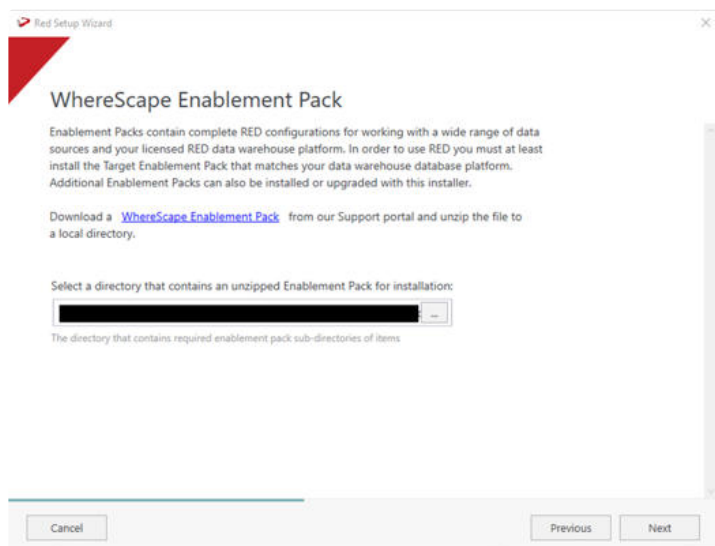
Create new repository or upgrade already existing repository.



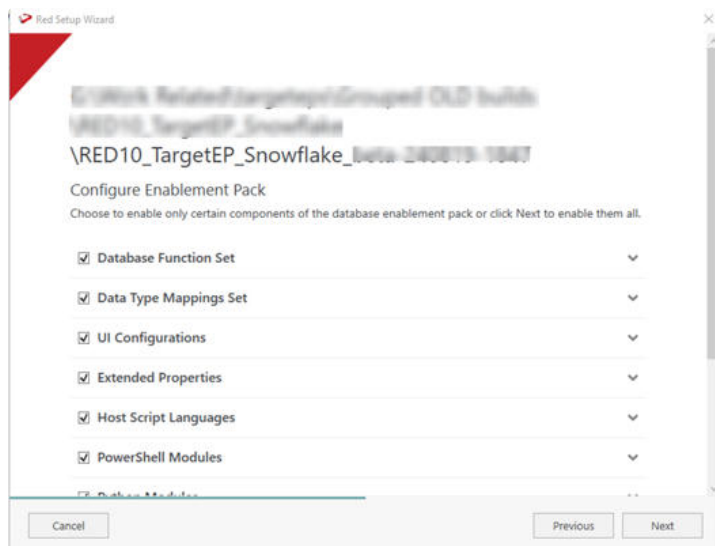
Select the created ODBC DSN, input login details and then select "Validate". Press Next



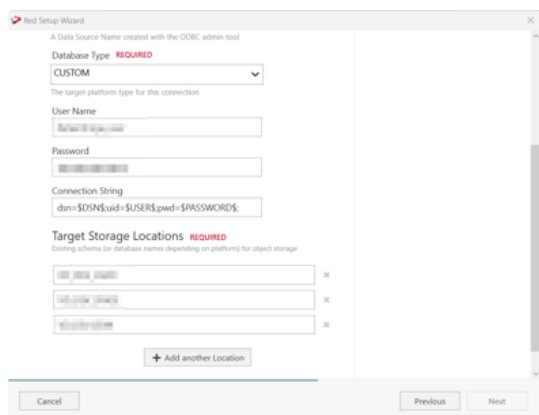
Select the directory that contains unzipped Enablement Pack for installation. Press Next



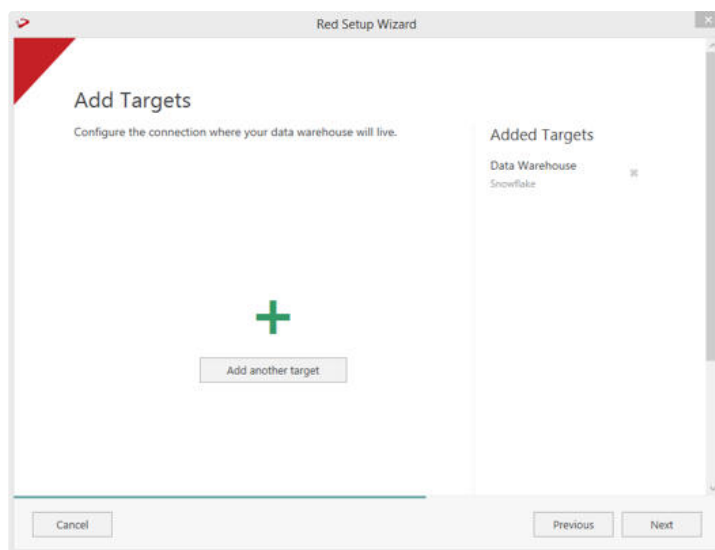
Using the check boxed list, include or exclude the components that are to be installed. Press Next



Configure a target connection (example, Data Warehouse) and its target locations. Validate and press ADD.

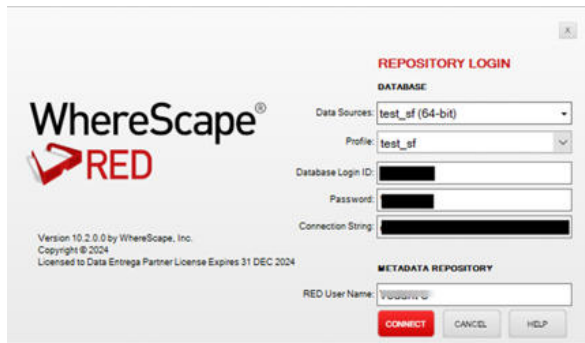


When done, press ADD and then Press Next to advance.



Configure a data source connection (optional) and its target locations. Validate and press ADD. Press Next to advance.

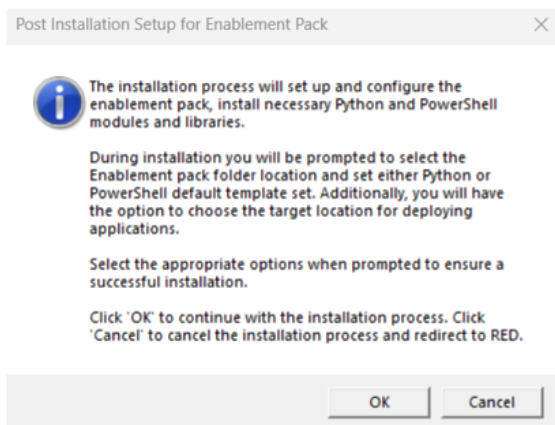
Login to WhereScape RED.



The image shows the 'REPOSITORY LOGIN' window for WhereScape RED. On the left is the WhereScape RED logo and version information: 'Version 10.2.0.0 by WhereScape, Inc. Copyright © 2024. Licensed to Data Enrega Partner License Expires 31 DEC 2024'. The main area is divided into two sections. The 'DATABASE' section contains fields for 'Data Sources' (a dropdown menu showing 'test_sf (64-bit)'), 'Profile' (a dropdown menu showing 'test_sf'), 'Database Login ID' (a text field with a masked password), 'Password' (a text field with a masked password), and 'Connection String' (a text field with a masked password). The 'METADATA REPOSITORY' section contains a 'RED User Name' text field. At the bottom are three buttons: 'CONNECT' (red), 'CANCEL' (grey), and 'HELP' (grey).

Note: There is a post-install script that will run at the first login to RED10 to complete the post setup wizard installation process.

You will be directed to below PowerShell window which will give brief explanation about post installation process.

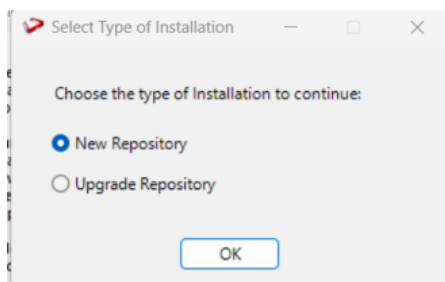


The image shows the 'Post Installation Setup for Enablement Pack' window. It has a title bar with a close button. Below the title bar is an information icon and a paragraph: 'The installation process will set up and configure the enablement pack, install necessary Python and PowerShell modules and libraries.' This is followed by another paragraph: 'During installation you will be prompted to select the Enablement pack folder location and set either Python or PowerShell default template set. Additionally, you will have the option to choose the target location for deploying applications.' Then, a third paragraph: 'Select the appropriate options when prompted to ensure a successful installation.' Below this is a fourth paragraph: 'Click 'OK' to continue with the installation process. Click 'Cancel' to cancel the installation process and redirect to RED.' At the bottom are two buttons: 'OK' and 'Cancel'.

Press OK to start the post installation. If pressed Cancel installation will stop and user will be directed to RED.

The user will be directed to the window below, where they have to select the type of installation

Select "New Repository" for new repository Installation or Select "Upgrade Repository" option for upgrading the existing repository



The image shows the 'Select Type of Installation' window. It has a title bar with a close button. Below the title bar is a paragraph: 'Choose the type of Installation to continue:'. There are two radio button options: 'New Repository' (which is selected) and 'Upgrade Repository'. At the bottom is an 'OK' button.

The user will be directed to the window below, where they have to select the target connection to be configured.

"Path to Enablement Pack" - will be auto populated by the path that was selected during the selection of unzipped Enablement Pack

For Multi-target configuration one Target will be selected as Primary target and other targets will be selected as Secondary target.

If Installation type is selected as Upgrade Repository only below options will be selected by default

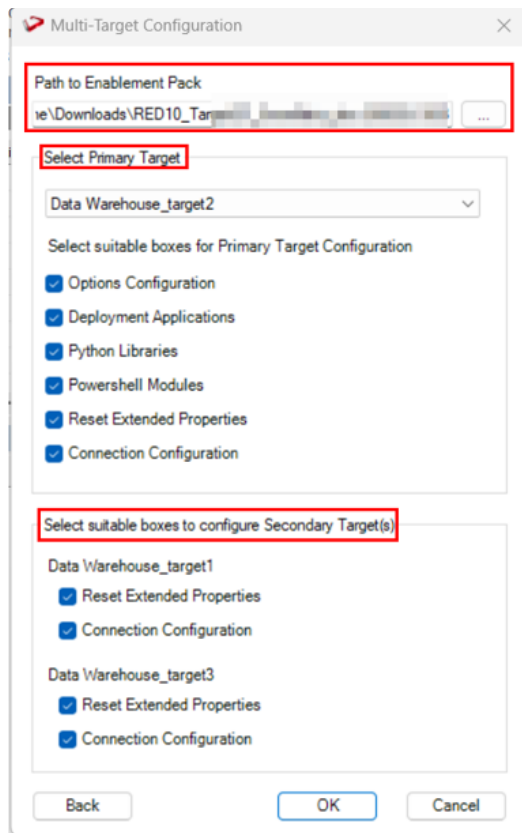
Additionally, by deselecting the provided options, the user can choose not to install a particular option.

"Reset Extended Properties" and "Connection Configuration" is deselected by default.

The screenshot shows a 'Multi-Target Configuration' dialog box. At the top, there is a text field labeled 'Path to Enablement Pack' with a file explorer icon to its right. Below this is a section titled 'Select Primary Target' which contains a dropdown menu currently showing 'Data Warehouse_target1'. Underneath the dropdown is the text 'Select suitable boxes for Primary Target Configuration' followed by a list of five options: 'Options Configuration' (checked), 'Deployment Applications' (checked), 'Python Libraries' (checked), 'Powershell Modules' (checked), 'Reset Extended Properties' (unchecked), and 'Connection Configuration' (unchecked). Below this section is another section titled 'Select suitable boxes to configure Secondary Target(s)'. This section contains two sub-sections: 'Data Warehouse_target2' with 'Reset Extended Properties' and 'Connection Configuration' (both unchecked), and 'Data Warehouse_target3' with 'Reset Extended Properties' and 'Connection Configuration' (both unchecked). At the bottom of the dialog are three buttons: 'Back', 'OK', and 'Cancel'.

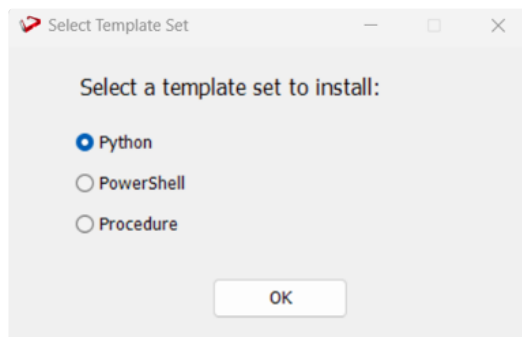
If Installation type is selected as New Repository all the options will be selected by default

Additionally, by deselecting the provided options, the user can choose not to install a particular option.



You will be directed to below PowerShell window. Provide the directory that contains unzipped Enablement Pack.

Select the template set for installation either Python, PowerShell or Procedure



Press OK

The user will be directed to the window below, where they have to select the Create new profile or use existing one option.

Note: For fresh installation RED will create profile file with same name as DSN, which the user can use or choose to create new profile file.

For "Create new one" option , user will have to enter the required details below.

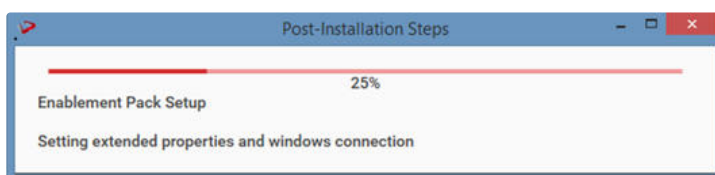
The screenshot shows a dialog box titled "Choose Profile File". At the top, there are two radio buttons: "Create new one" (which is selected) and "Use existing one". Below this, there is a section titled "Enter Details For Data Warehouse_target2" containing five input fields: "User ID", "Password", "Connection String" (with a preview "DSN=\$DSN\$;UID=\$USER\$;PWD=\$PASSWORD\$;" and a browse button "..."), "DSN" (a dropdown menu), and "Profile File Name". Below this section is another section titled "Select the Profile File" with a "Profile File" dropdown menu. At the bottom center is an "OK" button.

If the user choose "Use existing one" option. user can select the exiting profile file.

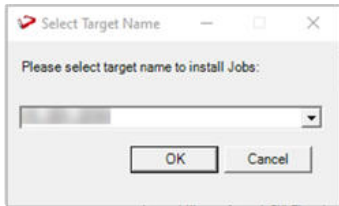
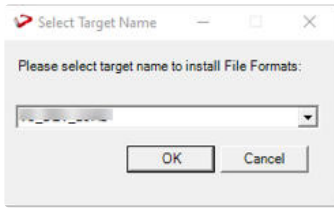
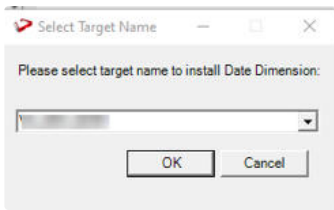
This screenshot is identical to the previous one, but the "Use existing one" radio button is now selected. The "Create new one" button is now disabled. The rest of the form fields and the "OK" button remain the same.

Press OK

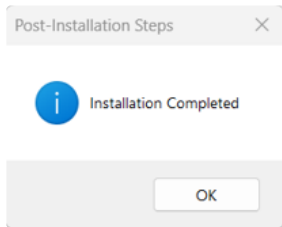
The progress bar will show the post installation progress.



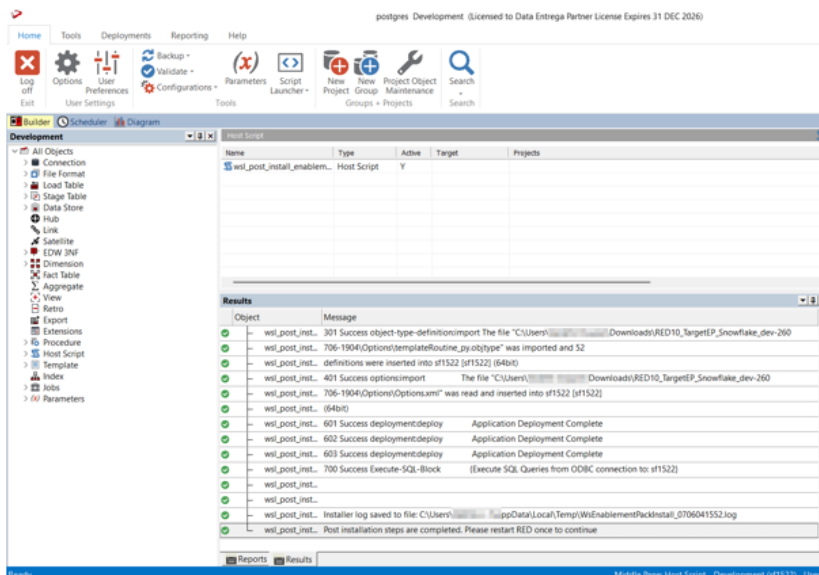
User will have to choose the schema for the target setting that were provided. Three of such pop up will come for setting default target schema for Date Dimension, File Formats and Jobs.



After selecting the target schema progress bar will show the progress for the installation and once it's completed, you will get the below pop up.



After pressing OK RED10 will open automatically.



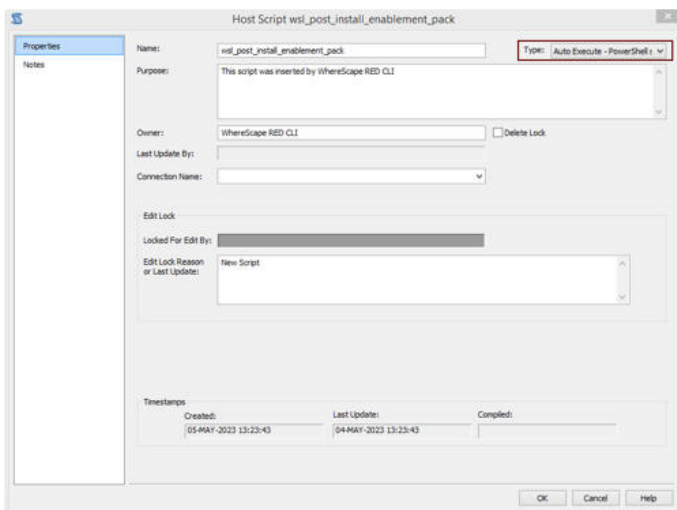
User will need to Restart RED and refresh the All Objects tree once.



Upgrade Of Existing Repository

For upgrade of existing repository

- From host script set script type of `wsl_post_install_enablement_pack` as Auto Execute - PowerShell Script



⚠ Important Upgrade Notes

If RED upgrade the repository option is chosen.

This enablement pack will overwrite any existing Source Enablement Pack UI Configs:

Connection UI Config	Load UI Config
Amazon S3	Load From Amazon S3
Azure Data Lake Storage Gen2	Load From Azure Data Lake Storage Gen2
Google Cloud	Load From Google Cloud

To ensure existing Source Enablement Pack connections and associated Load Tables continue to browse and load:

Go into UI Configuration Maintenance in RED prior to installing this Enablement Pack and rename the affected UI Configurations. While the updated Load Template will work with previous Source Enablement Pack's we recommend moving these previous versions of Load Tables to newly created Parser based

connections following this install. The earlier versions of the Source Enablement Pack will be deprecated following this release.

Important Upgrade Notes

A change to the script exit code has been introduced. Whenever a load/update script is regenerated, it is essential to regenerate the linked action script. Similarly, regenerating the action scripts requires regenerating the associated load/update scripts to keep both scripts in sync.

Post Install Steps – Optional

If you used the script Setup Wizard for installation then the following optional post install steps are available.

Configure Connections

There were Three connections added that will optionally require your attention:

1. Connection: Data Warehouse ('Snowflake')- This connection was setup as per parameters provided in Setup Wizard
2. Connection: 'Database Source System' - this connection was setup as an example source connection,
 - a. open its properties and set it up for a source DB in your environment
 - b. or you can remove it if not required

Enable Script Launcher Toolbar

There are a number of stand-alone scripts which provide some features such as "Ranged Loading", these scripts have been added to the Script Launcher menu but you will need to enable the menu toolbar item to see them.

To enable the Script Launcher menu in RED: Select menu item 'View→Toolbars→Script Launcher'

Source Enablement Pack Support

Source Pack Name	Support ed By Snowflake	Supported Features	Prerequisites
Amazon S3	Yes	Bulk load to Snowflake	For PowerShell Load : Install-Module -Name AWSPowerShell
Azure Data Lake Storage Gen2	Yes	Bulk load to Snowflake	Generate and add SAS token to Azure Data Lake Storage Gen2 connection properties: https://docs.snowflake.com/en/user-guide/data-load-azure-config.html#option-2-generating-a-sas-token
Google Cloud	Yes	Bulk load to Snowflake	1. Create Storage Integration (Snowflake)

Storage			<pre>CREATE OR REPLACE STORAGE INTEGRATION <STORAGE_INTEGRATION_NAME> TYPE = EXTERNAL_STAGE STORAGE_PROVIDER = GCS ENABLED = TRUE STORAGE_ALLOWED_LOCATIONS = (' <BUCKET_PATH> ');</pre> 2. Create Staging Area (Snowflake) <pre>USE DATABASE <DATABASE_NAME>; CREATE OR REPLACE STAGE <STAGE_NAME> url = ' <BUCKET_PATH>' storage_integration = <STORAGE_INTEGRATION_NAME></pre> 3. Get Storage Integration Desc (Snowflake) <pre>DESC STORAGE INTEGRATION <STORAGE_INTEGRATION_NAME></pre> 4. Copy <i>STORAGE_GCP_SERVICE_ACCOUNT</i> and create IAM on Google Cloud Console with following permissions <pre>storage.buckets.get storage.objects.createstorage.objects.delete storage.objects.get storage.objects.list</pre> 5. Add extended properties to Google Cloud Storage Connection in RED <pre>GCS_STORAGE_INTEGRATIONGCS_STAGE_AREA_NAME</pre> 6. Please refer the official link for steps to download gsutil: https://cloud.google.com/storage/docs/gsutil_install
Google Drive	Yes	Downloads file From Google Drive and uploads to Snowflake Table	None
Windows Parser	Yes	Load Template, Source Properties will have option to select parser type to load the files.	Refer to Windows Parser Guide.

Troubleshooting and Tips

Run As Administrator

Press the Windows Key on your keyboard and start typing cmd.exe, when the cmd.exe icon shows up in the search list right click it to bring up the context menu, select "Run As Administrator"

Now you have an admin prompt navigate to to the folder where you have unpacked your WhereScape Red Enablement Pack to using the 'cd' command:

```
C:\Windows\system32> cd <full path to the unpacked folder>
```

Run batch (.bat) scripts from the administrator prompt by simply typing the name at the prompt and hit enter, for example:

```
C:\temp\EnablementPack>install_WslPowershell_Modules.bat
```

Run Powershell (.ps1) scripts from the administrator prompt by typing the Powershell run script command, for example:

```
C:\temp\EnablementPack>Powershell -ExecutionPolicy Bypass -File .\Setup_Enablement_Pack.ps1
```

Notes: In the event you can not bypass the Powershell execution policy due to group policies you can instead try "-ExecutionPolicy RemoteSigned" which should allow unsigned local scripts.

Windows Powershell Script Execution

On some systems Windows Powershell script execution is disabled by default. There are a number of workarounds for this which can be found by searching the term "Powershell Execution Policy".

Here is the most common workaround which WhereScape suggests, which does not permanently change the execution rights:

Start a Windows CMD prompt as Administrator, change directory to your script directory and run the WhereScape Powershell scripts with this command:

- cmd:>Powershell -ExecutionPolicy Bypass -File .\<script_file_name.ps1>

Re-install Python Libraries

Press the Windows Key on your keyboard and start typing cmd.exe, when the cmd.exe icon shows up in the search list right click it to bring up the context menu, select "Run As Administrator"

Now you have an admin prompt navigate to to the folder where you have unpacked your WhereScape Red Enablement Pack to using the 'cd' command:

```
C:\Windows\system32> cd <full path to the unpacked folder>
```

Run batch (.bat) scripts from the administrator prompt by simply typing the name at the prompt and hit enter, for example:

```
C:\temp\EnablementPack>uninstall_WslPython_Modules.bat
```

For installation of Python libraries there are two methods

◦ Method 1

Press the Windows Key on your keyboard and start typing cmd.exe, when the cmd.exe icon shows up in the search list right click it to bring up the context menu, select "Run As Administrator"

Now you have an admin prompt navigate to to the folder where you have unpacked your WhereScape Red Enablement Pack to using the 'cd' command:

```
C:\Windows\system32> cd <full path to the unpacked folder>
```

Run batch (.bat) scripts from the administrator prompt by simply typing the name at the prompt and hit enter, for example:

```
C:\temp\EnablementPack>install_WslPython_Modules.bat
```

- Method 2

Press the Windows Key on your keyboard and start typing cmd.exe, when the cmd.exe icon shows up in the search list right click it to bring up the context menu, select "Run As Administrator"

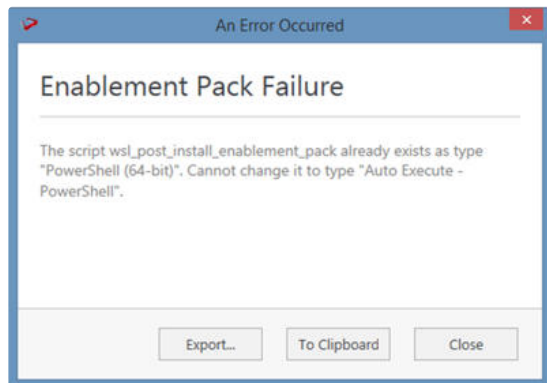
Now you have an admin prompt navigate to to the folder where you have unpacked your WhereScape Red Enablement Pack to using the 'cd' command:

```
C:\Windows\system32> cd <full path to the unpacked folder>
```

Run the below command

```
python -m pip install -r requirements.txt
```

For upgrade of existing repository



In upgrade of exiting repository if the user gets above error then it means the script type of *wsl_post_install_enablement_pack* is set to PowerShell(64-bit) change the script type to Auto Execute-PowerShell before upgrade or manually run the *wsl_post_install_enablement_pack* script from host script from RED after upgrade.

If a valid RED installation can not be found

If you have RED 10.x or higher installed but the script (Setup_Enablement_Pack.ps1) fails to find it on you system then you are most likely running PowerShell (x86) version which does not show installed 64 bit apps by default. Please open a 64 bit version of Powershell instead and re-run the script.

AWS PrivateLink Documentation

Please refer to the link below for the configuration of AWS PrivateLink for Snowflake:

<https://community.snowflake.com/s/article/Setup-On-Premise-DNS-to-work-in-conjunction-with-AWS-PrivateLink>

Python 3.13/3.14 Modules Compatibility:

If you experience load failures or "ModuleNotFoundError: No module named 'cgi'" when using Python 3.13 or 3.14, it is due to the deprecation of the `cgi` library from the Python standard library

To resolve this without changing your Python version, install the `legacy-cgi` package to provide the necessary backward compatibility for WhereScape Enablement Packs.

Run the following command in your Python environment: `pip install legacy-cgi`